Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium

Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors of Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium (the Entity), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Brandon, Manitoba March 22, 2023

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium
Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2022	2021	
Assets			
Current Assets Cash Accounts receivable Inventories (Note 2) Prepaid expenses	\$ 297,285 2,103 2,263 21,107 322,758	\$ 105,703 39,012 4,604 19,429 168,748	
Capital assets (Note 3)	 1,071,047	1,149,089	
	\$ 1,393,805	\$ 1,317,837	
Liabilities and Net Assets Current Liabilities Accounts payable (Note 5) Deferred revenue (Note 6) Deficit advances repayable (Note 7)	\$ 77,750 202,090 161,203	\$ 40,407 113,925 155,884	
	441,043	310,216	
Long-term debt (Note 8)	40,000	40,000	
Deferred capital contributions (Note 9)	 912,762	967,621	
	 1,393,805	 1,317,837	
Net Assets	 -	-	
	\$ 1,393,805	\$ 1,317,837	

For the year ended December 31	2022	2021
Revenue Box office	\$ 122,671 \$	8,209
WMCA presentations	192,791	8,505
Rental revenue	97,655	36,612
Stage revenue	12,946	3,518
Food and beverage sales	27,254	4,057
Interest revenue	2,587	42
Miscellaneous	4,070	1,901
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	 128,042	117,622
	 588,016	180,466
Cost of Sales		
Box office	348,458	80,085
Food and beverage	14,818	3,545
Stage expenses	 61,988	14,674
	 425,264	98,304
Gross profit (deficit)	 162,752	82,162
Expenses		
Amortization	122,042	117,622
Administrative (Page 13)	174,488	149,358
Building (Page 14)	 98,622	56,398
	 395,152	323,378
Deficit for year before other items	 (232,400)	(241,216)
Other items		
CEWS grant	-	61,107
CEBA loan	35,000	5,000
Manitoba arts council grant	20,897	17,603
Manitoba bridge grant	-	15,000
Gain (loss) on foreign exchange	 57	(4)
	 55,954	98,706
Deficiency of revenue over expenses for the year	(176,446)	(142,510)
Allocation to deficit advances repayable	 176,446	142,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses after allocation to deficit advances repayable	-	-
Net assets, beginning of year	 -	
Net assets, end of year	\$ - \$	-

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2022	2022	2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses after allocation to deficit advances repayable Adjustments for	\$ - \$	-
Amortization of capital assets Loss on disposal of capital assets Changes in non-cash working capital balances	122,042 (10,326)	117,622 -
Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses Accounts payable	36,909 2,341 (1,676) 37,340	(17,626) (3,603) (6,405) 9,711
Deferred revenue Deficit advances repayable Deferred capital contributions	 88,165 5,319 (54,859)	28,959 64,640 (79,692)
	 113,539	(4,016)
	 225,255	113,606
Cash Flows from Capital Activities Purchase of capital assets	 (33,673)	(37,930)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Advances of long term-debt	 -	15,000
Increase (decrease) in cash during the year	 191,582	90,676
Cash, beginning of year	 105,703	15,027
Cash, end of year	\$ 297,285 \$	105,703

December 31, 2022

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations	The Entity is an incorporated non-pofit organization that operates a facility that houses various musical services and programs to the residents of Brandon and area.					
	The Entity is a registered charity and, as such income tax and may issue income tax receipts	•				
Basis of Accounting	The financial statements have been prepare with Canadian public sector accounting stand profit organizations.					
Inventories	Inventories are stated at the lower of cost an value where cost is defined as the laid suppliers.					
Capital Assets	Capital assets are stated at cost les amortization. Purchases of capital assets are year of purchase at cost and amortized over of the asset as follows:	capitalized in the				
	Lessehold Improvements 20 v	oare straight-line				

Leasehold Improvements	20 years straight-line
Acoustic shell	20 years straight-line
Piano	20 years straight-line
Equipment	5 years straight-line

Work in progress consists of projects that are not yet completed. Items in work in progress are not amortized.

Revenue Recognition This Entity follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. WMCA presentations revenue is recognized once the show has taken place and collectibility is reasonability assured. Rental revenue is recognized when the rental space has been used and collectibility is reasonably assured. Box office revenue is recognized on a net basis once the show has take place and collectibility is reasonabily assured. Food and beverage revenue is recognized at the time of sale.

December 31, 2022

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Estimates have been used by management in the following areas:

The useful life of capital assets,

The collectibility of receivables.

Financial Instruments Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. All financial instruments are subsequently reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

December 31, 2022

2. Inventories

	 2022	2021
Beverages	\$ 2,263	\$ 4,604

Total inventory expensed during the year was \$23,153 (2021 - \$1,488).

3. Capital Assets

	2022					2021		
		Accumulated Cost Amortization Cost				t	Accumulated Amortization	
Leasehold improvements Acoustic shell Piano Equipment Work in progress	\$	3,532,877 323,875 104,049 161,030	\$	2,509,438 323,875 102,776 114,695	\$	3,494,558 323,875 104,049 152,248 13,428	\$	2,404,571 323,875 102,704 107,919
	\$	4,121,831	\$	3,050,784	\$	4,088,158	\$	2,939,069
Net book value			\$	1,071,047			\$	1,149,089

4. Line of Credit

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium has access to a \$200,000 line of credit from Westoba Credit Union secured by a General Security Agreement. The amount outstanding is nil. If the line of credit was used, interest on withdrawn funds would be charged at 7.2% (2021 - 3.2%).

5. Accounts Payable

	 2022	2021
Trade payables Government remittances	\$ 66,839 10,911	\$ 34,748 5,659
	\$ 77,750	\$ 40,407

December 31, 2022

6. Deferred Revenue

During the year, the Entity collected revenues pertaining to events to be held at a future date. As the events have not yet taken place, the full amount of the funds received was deferred.

	 2022	2021
Opening balance Add: revenue received Less: revenue recognized	\$ 113,925 983,595 (895,430)	\$ 84,966 92,330 (63,371)
	\$ 202,090	\$ 113,925

7. Deficit Advances Repayable

In accordance with an agreement dated December 20, 2020, the operating deficits of the Entity are shared equally by the City of Brandon and the Province of Manitoba. Total deficit advances repayable (receivable) are as follows:

	City	Province	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Deficit funding received Share of deficit	\$ 199,232 \$ 71,365 (88,223)	(43,348) \$ 110,400 (88,223)	155,884 181,765 (176,446)	\$ 91,244 207,150 (142,510)
	\$ 182,374 \$	(21,171) \$	161,203	\$ 155,884

December 31, 2022

8. Long-term Debt

	 2022	2021
Canada Emergency Business Account Loan, non-interest bearing and no scheduled repayments until December 2023. The loan is fully repayable and matures December 2023. If full payment is not completed by maturity, the loan will convert to a three year loan, bearing interest at 5%, repayable in monthly payments of \$1,199 and will mature December 2025.	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000

Principal repayments on long-term debt over the next year are as follows:

2023 \$ 40,000

9. Deferred Capital Contributions

Deferred capital contributions consist of funding received and restricted for capital expenditures. This includes the unamortized portion of amounts received from funding sources to acquire various capital items as well as unused funds received to renovate the Entity's building.

Recognition of these amounts as revenue is deferred until future periods as the related capital assets are amortized. Changes in deferred capital contributions are as follows:

	 2022		2021	
Opening balance Amounts deferred in year Revenue recognized in year	\$ 967,621 67,183 (122,042)	\$	1,047,313 37,930 (117,622)	
	\$ 912,762	\$	967,621	

10 Economic Dependence

The Entity is economically dependent upon the Province of Manitoba and the City of Brandon to cover its operating deficit each year.

December 31, 2022

11. Significant Influence and Related Party Transactions

The six member board of directors of the Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium is made up of three members appointed by the City of Brandon, two members appointed by the Province of Manitoba and one member-at-large. The City of Brandon has significant influence over the operating, investing and financing activities of the Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium.

Transactions between the Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium and the City of Brandon consist of the following amounts recorded at the value of the cash transferred: funding received from the City of Brandon totaling \$71,366 (2021 - \$96,750), insurance and water fees paid to the City of Brandon totaling \$21,266 (2021 - \$17,883). These transactions occured in the normal course of operations. At December 31, 2022 the City of Brandon owed the Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium \$Nil (2021 - \$682) for capital projects. At December 31, 2022 the Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium had deficit advances repayable to the city of \$182,374.

12. Financial Risk Management

The Entity, as part of its operations carried a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Entity is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise noted.

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Entity holds funds denoted in US dollars. The currency risk is minimal.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. It is the entity's policy to ensure that it will have sufficient cash and short term investments to allow it to meet its liabilities when they come due. The liquidity risk is minimal.

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium Schedule of Administrative Expenses (Unaudited)

For the year ended December 31	2022	2021
Expenses		
Audit Bad debt Insurance Interest and bank charges	\$ 11,348 20 15,234 1,036	\$ 9,800 - 13,639 504
Memberships and fees Miscellaneous Office Professional fees Salaries and benefits Staff development	3,813 - 2,800 18,542 114,298 389	3,073 653 1,766 10,625 102,475 247
Telephone	\$ 7,008	\$ 6,576 149,358

Western Manitoba Centennial Auditorium Schedule of Building Expenses (Unaudited)

For the year ended December 31		2022	2021	
Expenses				
Cleaning Contracted labour Refuse removal Repairs and maintenance Snow removal Supplies Utilities	\$	18,357 7,055 1,443 12,577 1,765 2,773 54,652	\$	6,096 4,277 - 8,256 20 446 37,303
	\$	98,622	\$	56,398